Giant symptomatic rectal lipoma resected by endoscopic submucosal dissection

Gastrointestinal lipomas are benign, slow-growing tumors that are typically diagnosed incidentally during endoscopy [1, 2]. They are more commonly located in the right colon; rectal involvement is uncommon [2–5]. Lipomas are characteristically asymptomatic but depending on their location and size [1], they can cause symptoms such as bleeding, obstruction, intussusception or prolapse [1, 2, 4]. Only three cases of rectal lipomas presenting with prolapse have been reported in the literature, and they are usually treated surgically.

We present the case of a 65-year-old woman who was referred to the Gastroenterology Department because of symptomatic intermittent rectal prolapse. The patient reported the need to manually reinsert the prolapse. Colonoscopy revealed a large subepithelial lesion in the distal rectum, adjacent to the upper margin of the anal canal (Fig. 1). Axial contrast-enhanced pelvic computed tomography scan suggested a lipomatous lesion in the rectum. An echoendoscopy, using a dedicated anal probe (7.5 MHz), revealed a well-demarcated, hyperechogenic, homogeneous lesion in the submucosa (Fig. 2), suggesting a lipoma [5]. The patient was proposed for endoscopic resection.

The lesion was enucleated through endoscopic submucosal dissection (ESD) (Fig. 3, Video 1). The dissection was performed, using an insulated-tipped knife 2 (KD-611L; Olympus, Tokyo, Japan), with the patient under deep sedation. There were no adverse events related to the procedure. The specimen was removed en bloc and was 60 × 45 mm in size (Fig. 4). Pathological evaluation of the specimen confirmed it to be a benign submucosal lipoma. At follow-up, 18 months after ESD, the patient was asymptomatic.

To the best of our knowledge, this clinical case represents the third largest symptomatic rectal lipoma reported in the literature [2, 3], and the first to be treated by ESD. The development and implementation of ESD in the Western world allows patients with large subepithelial gastrointestinal lesions (especially below the muscularis propria), to be safely treated by endoscopy in experienced centers.

Competing interests

None

Fig. 1 Endoscopic view of a large subepithelial lesion in the distal rectum.

Fig. 2 Echoendoscopy revealed a hyperechoic homogeneous lesion arising from the submucosa.

Fig. 3 Endoscopic submucosal dissection (ESD) of the lipoma. a Endoscopic view of the lipoma. b Ligation of the vascular pedicle with a hemostatic clip; forward traction using forceps. c Endoscopic view of the lesion and the mucosal defect after ESD.
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References


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Video 1 Endoscopic submucosal dissection was used to resect a giant rectal lipoma that was causing prolapse of the rectal mucosa.

Fig. 4 The resected specimen, 60 × 45 mm in size.

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